



SEMITOP® 3

3-phase bridge rectifier +  
brake chopper +3-phase  
bridge inverter  
SK 15 DGDL 126 ET

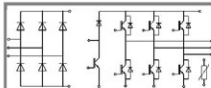
Preliminary Data

## Features

- Compact design
- One screw mounting
- Heat transfer and isolation through direct copper bonded aluminum oxide ceramic (DCB)
- Trench technology IGBT
- CAL High Density FWD
- Integrated NTC temperature sensor

## Typical Applications

- Inverter



DGDL - ET

Absolute Maximum Ratings		$T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified		
Symbol	Conditions	Values		Units
<b>IGBT - Inverter, Chopper</b>				
$V_{CES}$		1200		V
$I_C$	$T_s = 25 (80)^\circ\text{C}$	22 (15)		A
$I_{CRM}$	$I_{CRM} = 2 \times I_{CRM}'; t_p = 1 \text{ ms}$	30		A
$V_{GES}$		$\pm 20$		V
$T_j$		-40 ... +150		$^\circ\text{C}$
<b>Diode - Inverter, Chopper</b>				
$I_F$	$T_s = 25 (80)^\circ\text{C}$	25 (17)		A
$I_{FRM}$	$I_{FRM} = 2 \times I_{FRM}'; t_p = 1 \text{ ms}$	30		A
$T_j$		-40 ... +150		$^\circ\text{C}$
<b>Rectifier</b>				
$V_{RRM}$		1600		V
$I_F$	$T_s = 80^\circ\text{C}$	21		A
$I_{FSM} / I_{TSM}$	$t_p = 10 \text{ ms}$ , $\sin 180^\circ$ , $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	220		A
$I_T^2$	$t_p = 10 \text{ ms}$ , $\sin 180^\circ$ , $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	240		$\text{A}^2\text{s}$
$T_j$		-40 ... +150		$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_{sol}$	Terminals, 10s	260		$^\circ\text{C}$
$T_{stg}$		-40 ... +125		$^\circ\text{C}$
$V_{back}$	AC, 1 min. / 1s	2500 / 3000		V

Characteristics		$T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified			
Symbol	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Units
<b>IGBT - Inverter, Chopper</b>					
$V_{CEsat}$	$I_C = 15 \text{ A}$ , $T_j = 25 (125)^\circ\text{C}$		1,7 (2)	2,1	V
$V_{GE(Oh)}$	$V_{GE} = V_{CE}$ , $I_C = 0,6 \text{ mA}$	5	5,8	6,5	V
$V_{CE(TC)}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C} (125)^\circ\text{C}$		1 (0,9)		V
$r_T$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C} (125)^\circ\text{C}$		45 (70)		m $\Omega$
$C_{iss}$	$V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V}$ , $V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$ , $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		1,2		nF
$C_{oes}$	$V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V}$ , $V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$ , $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		0,1		nF
$C_{ms}$	$V_{CE} = 25 \text{ V}$ , $V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$ , $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$		9,1		nF
$R_{\theta(j-s)}$	per IGBT			1,6	K/W
$t_{i(on)}$	under following conditions		25		ns
$t_r$	$V_{CC} = 600 \text{ V}$ , $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$		25		ns
$t_{i(off)}$	$I_C = 15 \text{ A}$ , $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$		385		ns
$t_f$	$R_{Gon} = R_{Goff} = 30 \Omega$		90		ns
$E_{on}$	inductive load		2		mJ
$E_{off}$			1,8		mJ
<b>Diode - Inverter, Chopper</b>					
$V_F = V_{EC}$	$I_F = 15 \text{ A}$ , $T_j = 25 (125)^\circ\text{C}$		1,6 (1,6)		V
$V_{(TC)}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C} (125)^\circ\text{C}$		1 (0,8)		V
$r_T$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C} (125)^\circ\text{C}$		40 (53)		m $\Omega$
$R_{\theta(j-s)}$	per diode			2,1	K/W
$I_{FRM}$	under following conditions		25		A
$O_{rr}$	$I_F = 15 \text{ A}$ , $V_R = 600 \text{ V}$		3		$\mu\text{C}$
$E_{rr}$	$V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$ , $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$		1,1		mJ
	$di_{F/dt} = 900 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$				
<b>Diode rectifier</b>					
$V_F$	$I_F = 15 \text{ A}$ , $T_j = 25 (100)^\circ\text{C}$		1,1		V
$V_{(TC)}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		0,9		V
$r_T$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		20		m $\Omega$
$R_{\theta(j-s)}$	per diode			2	K/W
<b>Temperature sensor</b>					
$R_{ts}$	5 %, $T_s = 25 (100)^\circ\text{C}$		5000(493)		$\Omega$
<b>Mechanical data</b>					
w			30		g
$M_b$	Mounting torque			2,5	Nm

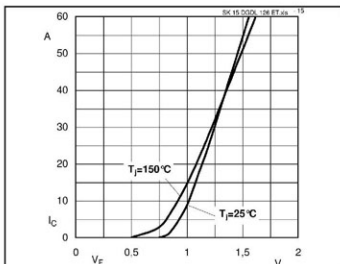


Fig. 15 Input Bridge Diode forward characteristic

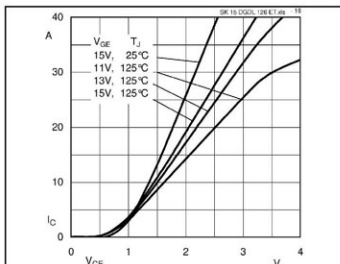


Fig. 16 Typical Output Characteristic

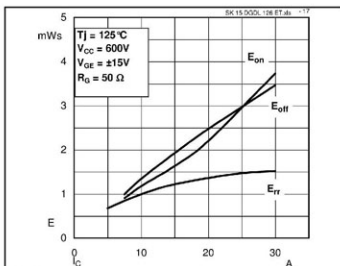


Fig. 17 Turn-on/off energy =  $f(I_C)$

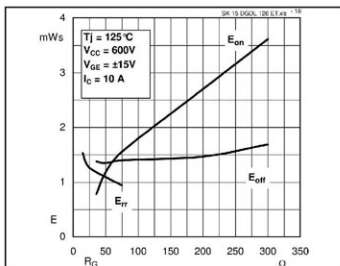


Fig. 18 Turn-on/off energy =  $f(R_g)$

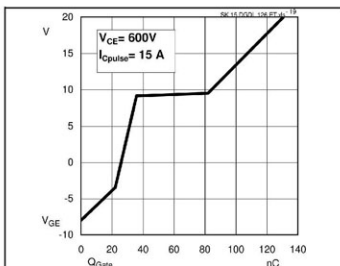


Fig. 19 Typical gate charge characteristic

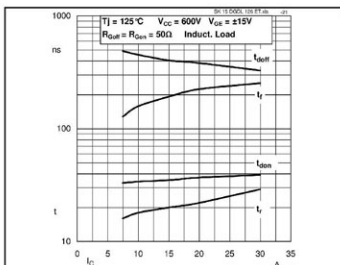
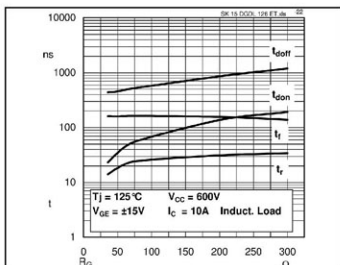
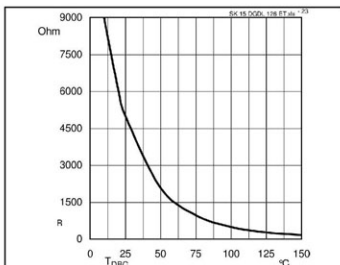
Fig. 21 Typical switching time vs.  $I_C$ Fig. 22 Typical switching time vs.  $R_g$ 

Fig. 23 Typical NTC Characteristic

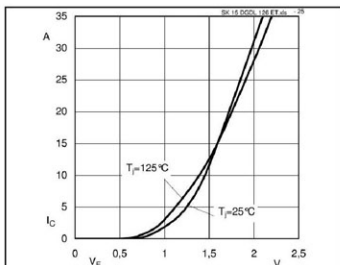
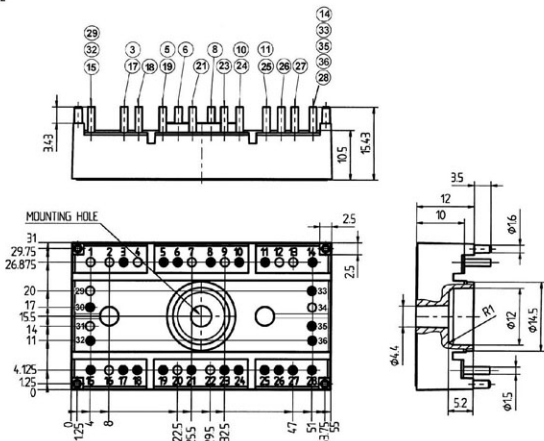
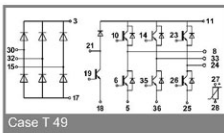


Fig. 24 Typical FWD forward characteristic



Case T 49 (Suggested hole diameter, in the PCB, for solder pins and plastic mounting pins: 2mm)



Case T 49

This is an electrostatic discharge sensitive device (ESDS), international standard IEC 60747-1, Chapter IX.

This technical information specifies semiconductor devices but promises no characteristics. No warranty or guarantee expressed or implied is made regarding delivery, performance or suitability.